9K: ACTIVITIES FOR CALMING AND WAKING BABIES AND CHILDREN

Babies and children will feed best when they are calm and alert. This chart offers suggestions for ways to help calm and wake children of all ages for participating in daily feeding routines — and throughout other moments during the day.

Calming activities are most often used with the child who has a hypersensitive sensory system. Waking/Alerting activities are most often used with the child who has a hyposensitive sensory system. CALMING ACTIVITIES WAKING/ALERTING ACTIVITIES Use activities that calm a child's body Use activities that wake or alert a child's \circ before feedings, especially if they become body before feedings, especially if they overstimulated. tend to be understimulated. (1) Use rhythmic, repetitive touch, movements (1) Use gentle activities before or during and sounds to calm and soothe a child such feedings or that wake a child if she has as. fallen asleep such as: \Rightarrow patting on the back or bottom using a rhythmic ⇒ changing her diaper pattern changing her clothes \Rightarrow making a repetitive "shushing" sound stroking her feet \Rightarrow bouncing gently using a steady rhythm \Rightarrow holding and talking to her \Rightarrow \Rightarrow rocking in arms or a chair using a steady bouncing gently \rightarrow rhythm patting on the back or bottom \Rightarrow swinging or swaying in arms using a steady \Rightarrow rhythm burping \Rightarrow \Rightarrow singing \Rightarrow listening to soothing music or music with a strong and steady beat \Rightarrow massaging the body using a rhythmic pattern (2) Offer age-appropriate objects or activities to Offer age-appropriate objects to suck on. wake up the face and mouth before eating mouth or chew before and after meals such such as: as: facial or body massage \Rightarrow pacifiers or binkies \rightarrow toothbrushes (vibrating or regular) \Rightarrow Teethers teethers \rightarrow \Rightarrow Oral motor objects (ChewyTubes, Chewelry, Oral motor objects (ChewyTubes, Chewelry, \Rightarrow ARK Chew Toys, etc.)

- \Rightarrow a child's hands or fingers are OK too
- (3) Provide dim lighting or a darker room with minimal visual distractions before, during or after feedings for calming an upset child.
- (4) Feed in a quiet space with minimal sounds and voices.
- (5) Interact using slower rates of movement, softer voices or sounds and reduced animation.
- 6 Use consistent activities and routines so a child knows what to expect, which reduces stress and creates calmness.
- (7) Swaddle, wear, hold or carry a child.

ARK Chew Toys, etc.)

- (3) Provide brighter lighting or a room with more light and/or sound before, during or after feedings for a sleepy child.
- (4) Feed in a space with typical noise and sound levels.
- (5) Interact using faster rates of movement, louder voices or sounds and increased animation.
- (6) Use consistent activities and routines so a child knows what to expect, which reduces stress and creates a readiness for participating in feeding.
- 7 Use a well-supported position or seating that engages a child's entire body.